

## **PRE-ASSESSMENT EXAMINATION**

The purpose of this pre-assessment is to provide your instructor with an indication of your conceptual knowledge.

This pre-assessment consists of 20 questions based on the concepts in the Occupational First Aid Reference and Training Manual. The instructor will provide the answers after completion.

You have 35 minutes to complete this pre-assessment.

**NAME:** \_\_\_\_\_



## Occupational First Aid Renewal Course Pre-assessment

1. **What is the objective for C-spine control? How is this objective achieved?**

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2. **What is the management objective for airway emergencies?**

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3. **List the methods (critical interventions) used to clear a patient's airway.**

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4. **An oral airway is only attempted when a patient does not respond to verbal stimuli. When, during patient management, is an attempt made to insert an oral airway?**

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5. **What is the management objective for respiratory emergencies?**

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**6. What are the criteria for assisted ventilation?**

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**7. What is the management objective for circulatory emergencies?**

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**8. What skills must an attendant be able to perform in order to achieve the objective for managing circulatory emergencies?**

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**9. What are the objectives for packaging a patient for rapid transport?**

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**10. Why is it important to reassess a patient's ABC's every 5 minutes**

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- 11. List the findings obtained from the secondary survey that would place the patient in the RTC. (Anatomy of injury)**

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- 12. List three instances where you may transport a patient with a decreased level of consciousness  $\frac{3}{4}$  prone or lateral.**

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- 13. Describe the rule concerning cooling major burns and explain its purpose?**

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- 14. List the criteria for applying traction to a mid-shaft tibia/fibula fracture.**

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The next three questions refer to the following scenario

One hundred and fifty kilometres from the nearest hospital, a bucker has slipped off a wet log and put his hands out to prevent falling. The worker heard a crack and felt a sharp pain in the right wrist when this happened. The worker walks into your first aid room and tells you the wrist is very painful. You can see as the worker sits down that there is obvious deformity and swelling at the right wrist. The worker tells you any attempt to move the hand or wrist causes increased pain.

- 15. Outline everything you will do, in chronological correct order, for this patient.

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- 16. In order to assess how the patient is reacting to the injury and to help you decide on the mode of transport to medical aid, what part of the priority action approach is of most value?

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- 17. According to the principles of immobilization how should this injury be immobilized?

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**18. What is the purpose of applying cold to an injured part?**

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**19. In the following list, indicate which wounds should be referred to medical aid (place an R in the decision column).**

	Injury	Decision
a.	dime sized 2 <sup>nd</sup> degree burn to ankle	
b.	subungal hematoma on thumb	
c.	4 cm gaping laceration over knuckle	
d.	non adhering dust in the eye	
e.	2.5 cm glass sliver in the forearm	
f.	abscess on face	
g.	mild tenosynovitis of right wrist	
h.	minor back strain	
i.	lymphangitis	
j.	abrasion to left elbow	
k.	pressure injection to palm of hand	

**20. Read the following two excerpts from a first aid record. Which section is not adequate and why?**

DESCRIPTION OF INJURY OR REPORT OF ILLNESS

bent over to pick up a tool box, felt a sharp pain in lower back

NATURE OF INJURY OR ILLNESS

sore back

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